# How are early career dementia researchers considered and supported by dementia plans and organisations? An overview of global policy approaches

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# **Objectives**

Early career dementia researchers (ECDRs) are essential for dementia care and research. It remains unclear how ECDRs are being considered through top-down national policy approaches. This study aimed at providing a comprehensive overview of how international efforts that focus on dementia research and care (i.e., national dementia plans or organisation) consider and support ECDRs.

G20 member states (n=47)

## Methods

Russian documents not reviewed (i.e., EU embargo)

- G20 member states: Review of national dementia plan/strategy and policies of one governmental and one non-governmental dementia organisation (e.g., associations, charities, institutes) per country (n=46).
- Searches were conducted in local languages and in English.
- Data (i.e., support for ECDRs) were extracted and a content analysis using inductive coding was performed. Findings were categorised and narratively synthesised.

Countries included in this study (n=46)

#### Results

 Only China, the United States (excluding Puerto Rico), **England, Scotland, Northern** Ireland, Greece, Spain, and **Denmark** specifically mentioned ECDR support in their national dementia plan/ strategy, referring to creating specific ECDR funding and education opportunities.

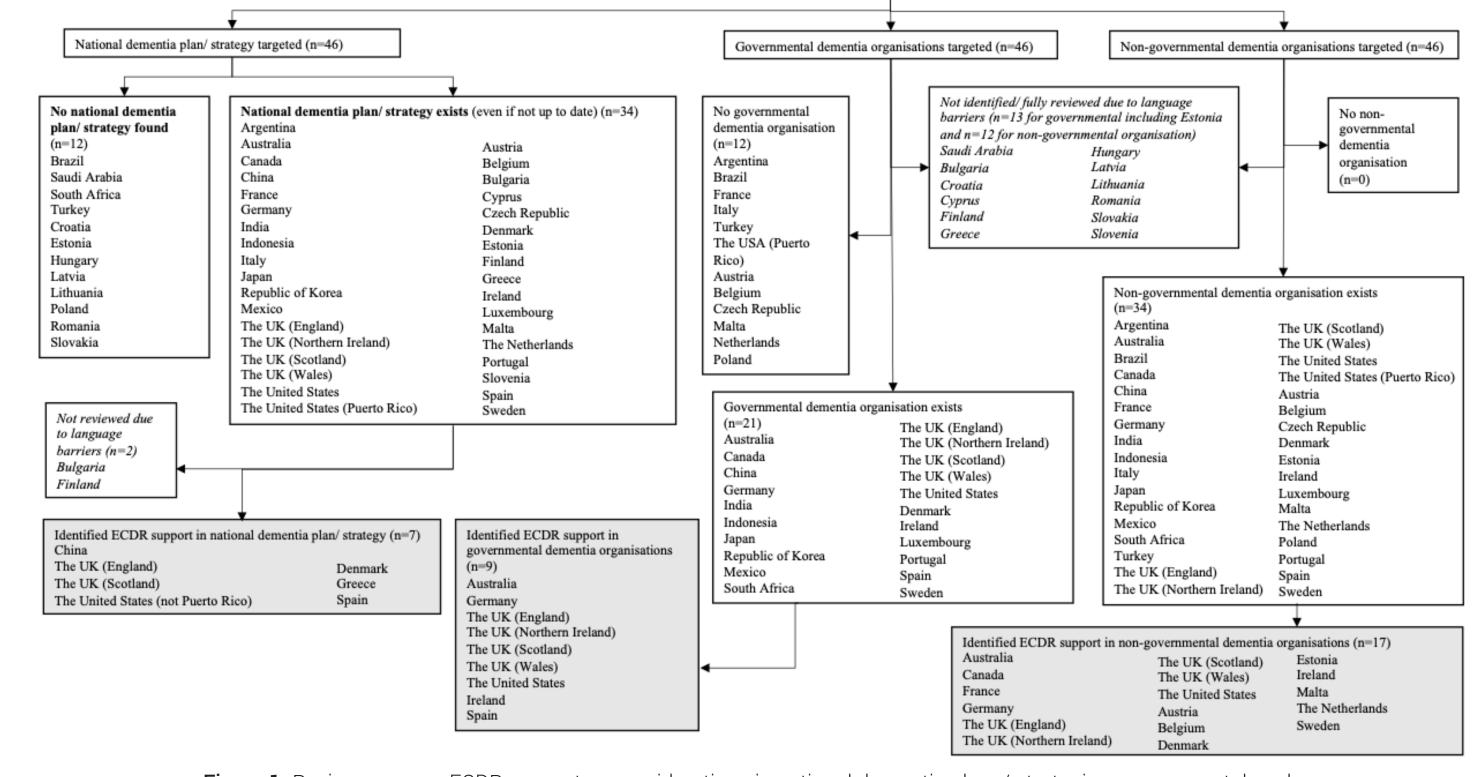


Table 1. Different forms of ECDR support from governmental/non-governmental dementia organisations.

Figure 1. Review process: ECDR support or considerations in national dementia plans/ strategies, governmental, and non-governmental dementia organisations. Note: Little-to-no information could be obtained from 13 countries due to language barriers.

 17 countries were identified as providing targeted support for ECDRs via governmental and/or non-governmental dementia organisations (Table 1).

Research **Dissemination & Career development &** Research training funding advice networking Australia Canada France Germany The U.K. (England) The U.K. (Northern Ireland) The U.K. (Scotland) The U.K. (Wales) The U.S. Austria Belgium Estonia Ireland Malta The Netherlands Spain Sweden 14/17 12/17 10/17 9/17 Total

### Conclusion

- Support for ECDRs varied greatly across the G20 member states, with few formally recognising ECDRs in their national dementia plan or strategy and mixed support provided by dementia organisations.
- To facilitate equal prospects for ECDRs, top-down national policy approaches are urged to enhance and align their efforts in the future.

**ECDRs** need to be considered and supported top-down, through dementia plans and strategies and dementia organisations, to ensure the future of dementia care and research.

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